

LINEAR ALGEBRA 1 (FALL 2024)
PROBLEM SHEET 14

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Problem 1 (20, orthogonal reflection). (i) Let $(V, \langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle)$ be a finite dimensional inner product space and $T : V \rightarrow V$ be an orthogonal reflection about a linear hyperplane H , i.e.

- T is linear,
- $T(h) = h$ for all $h \in H$ and
- $T(u) = -u$ for all $u \in H^\perp$.

Prove that there exists a non-zero $u \in V$ such that

$$T(v) = v - 2 \frac{\langle u, v \rangle}{\langle u, u \rangle} u$$

for all $v \in V$.

(ii) Consider $(V, \langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle) = (\mathbb{R}^n, \langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle_{I_n})$ and T be as in (i). Let $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ such that $T = T_A$. (Take $A = [T]_{B_{st}}$.) Prove that $A = A^T = A^{-1}$.

(iii) Let $\phi \in [0, \pi[$ be a fixed angle and put $H := \mathbb{R} \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\phi) \\ \sin(\phi) \end{pmatrix}$. Let T be the orthogonal reflection about H . Compute $\psi \in]-\pi, \pi]$ such that $T = T_A$ for $A = \begin{pmatrix} -\cos(\psi) & \sin(\psi) \\ \sin(\psi) & \cos(\psi) \end{pmatrix}$.

Problem 2 (5+5+10+10*+10, Singular value decomposition (SVD)). Find a SVD for the following matrices:

- (i) $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$
- (ii) $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^T$
- (iii) $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
- (iv) $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{5} & \frac{7}{5} \\ -1 & -\frac{1}{5} & \frac{1}{5} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{5} & -\frac{2}{5} \end{pmatrix}$
- (v) $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Problem 3 (5+10+(15*+5)+12, quadratic forms). Determine if the following given two quadratic forms are equivalent and if they are orthogonally equivalent.

- (i) $x_1^2 + x_2^2$ and $x_1^2 + 2x_1x_2 + 2x_2^2$ on \mathbb{R}^2 ,
- (ii) $x_1^2 + 2x_2^2 + x_3^2 + 2x_1x_3$ and $2x_1^2 + 2x_2^2$ on \mathbb{R}^3 ,
- (iii) $x_1^2 - x_2^2 - x_3^2 - x_4^2$ and $x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 - x_4^2$ on \mathbb{R}^4 .

Determine the definiteness of the 6 given quadratic forms. (The bonus points are for the equivalence question in (iii). Hint: consider inner product spaces and restrict to two dimensional subspaces.)

Problem 4 (20 points, spectral decomposition). Find a spectral decomposition of

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Date: Please hand in before the lecture by **Sunday, 29th of December 2024**. For all exercises the results need to be proven using results from this lecture and the lectures before, provided you give a reference. * questions give extra points.